15EE33

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 **Transformers and Generators**

CBCS SCHEME

Time: 3 hrs.

USN

1

2

Max. Marks: 80

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. 2. Assume missing data if any.

Module-1

- Explain the operation of practical transformer on load with the help of phasor diagram. a.
 - b. Mention the advantages of bank of three single phase transformers used as three phase transformers. (04 Marks)
 - c. A 5kVA, 500/250V, 50Hz, SPH transformer gave following readings: O.C. test: 500V, 1A, 50W [LV side open] SC test: 25V, 10A, 60W [LV side shorted] Determine: i) Efficiency on full load, 0.8 lagging pf; ii) Voltage regulation on full load, 0.8 leading pf.

OR

- With a neat circuit diagram of phasor diagra, explain the operation of 3ph transformer a. connected in star-star. (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a neat circuit diagram, how to convert a 3 phase supply to 2 phase supply.
 - (06 Marks) c. Find the all day efficiency of 15kVA, single phase transformed having maximum efficiency of 98% at 15kVA, UPF and loaded as follows:

12 hours - 2kW @ 0.5 pf

- 6 hours 12kW @ 0.8 pf
- 6 hours No load.

(06 Marks)

Module-2

- What is an auto transformer? Derive an expression for the saving of copper in an 3 a. autotransformer compared to two winding transformer. (08 Marks)
 - b. What is the necessity of parallel operation of 8 two single phase transformers? Derive an expression for the current shared by two transformers connected is parallel sharing a common load when no load voltage of both transformer are equal. (08 Marks)

OR

- Write short note on 3 phase auto transformer. 4 a.
 - List out the necessary condition to be satisfied for the parallel operation of two single phase b. (04 Marks) transformers.
 - Explain with a neat diagram, operation of OFF CIRCUIT Tap-changing Transform. C.

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

1 of 2

Module-3

- With a neat circuit diagram, explain in detail Sumpner's test for determining the efficiency 5 a (08 Marks) of a transformer. Mention its advantages and disadvantages.
 - b. Define armature reaction. With neat figure, explain armature reaction in DC machines. (08 Marks)

OR

- Briefly explain the current inrush in transformers. 6 a
 - What is commutation? With a neat diagram, explain the process of practical commutation in b. (06 Marks) DC machines.
 - c. A 36, 16 pole, star connected alternator has 144 slots having 10 conductor/slot. The flux/pole is 30mWb and distributed sinusoidal and the speed is 375 rpm. Find the Emf [line] (05 Marks) for i) Full pitched winding ii) Short pitched by 1 slot.

Module-4

- With a neat circuit diagram, explain the slip test on salient pole synchronous machine and 7 2 (08 Marks) indicate how X_d, X_q and Voltage regulation is calculated.
 - Write short notes on power angle characteristics of a synchronous machines. (04 Marks) b.
 - c. Explain the behaviour of synchronous generator on constant load and variable excitation (04 Marks) with a neat phasor diagram.

OR

- With a phasor diagram, explain the concept of two reaction theory in a salient pole 8 2 (08 Marks) synchronous machine.
 - Define voltage regulation of an alternator and explain the load characteristics of an b. (05 Marks) alternator.
 - c. Briefly explain the necessary conditions to be satisfied to synchronize the given alternator to (03 Marks) infinite bus.

Module-5

- Write short note on hunting and dampers. 9 a.
 - b. Name various methods of determining the voltage regulation of an alternator. Explain ZPF method to determine the regulation of an alternator. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Write short note on short circuit ratio and its significance.
 - b. The OC and SC test readings for a 3¢, star connected 1000 kVA, 2000V, 50Hz alternator are:

I _f	Gal 10	20	25	30	40	50
OC terminal volt	age 800	1500	1760	2000	2350	2600
1SC armature cur	rrent -	200	250	300	-	-

The armature effective resistance is $0.2\Omega/ph$. Draw the characteristic curves and estimate the (10 Marks) full load regulation for i) 0.8pf lag ii) 0.8pf lead.

(06 Marks)

(05 Marks)

(06 Marks)